UNITRE PINEROLO - BASIC ENGLISH COURSE - academic year 2021/22 dp

Please, spell your name - family name / surname...... My name –family name / surname/ is

<u>Greetings</u>. Hello, Hi,, Good morning Good afternoon...... Good evening....... (commiato). Goodbye Bye / Bye-bye See you See you soon/later See you tomorrow Good night...... Take care...... In a letter/written message : Love from... Best regards. All the best. Yours sincerely.

Introduce yourselfName......Family name/Surname......Nickname.....Age :......Nationality: French, English, Italian, German, Spanish..Occupation:retired person, housewife, clerk, worker,.....Build.Are you short or tall? I am/I'm.....Are you thin or fat? I am /I'm a little.....

Hair: short, long, curly, straight, fair, black, brown, medium length, blond. **Eyes**. Dark, brown, blue, light blue, green .

My name is and my family name isI am(nationality) and I am(occupation) .I amand I am.....My hair is and my eyes are I like

Family members.

Mother,	father	•••••	son,,,,,,,,,,,	dau	ghter	grandfather,
grandmother	·····,	sister	., brother	,	grandson,	granddaughter.
Uncle,	aunt	, cous	in, nep	hew	niece	
godfather		godmother	r	.god	son	goddaughter
The members of	f my fai	mily are	I am the	only	member of my	family.

Pets (cat/s, dog/s, red fish/es.....). is the name of my dog/cat/..... X is my favourite animal

Addresstown/villagetelephone numbere-mail address......Which is your address/town/tel. number/e-mail addressMy address is.....My telephone number is.....my e-mail address is.....

Interests and hobbies: music, films, sports, travelling, watching TV, reading, walking, dancing, cooking, playing the guitar/piano, painting, reading, collecting stamps/.....working in the garden, singing.....

Languages: Russian, French, Spanish, English, Italian, German, Chinese, Latin,...... I can speak.....but I can't speak.....

<u>Nations and nationalities</u> England- English, Scotland-Scottish, Wales-Welsh, Italy-Italian, France-French, Spain-Spanish, Germany-German, the USA-American, China-Chinese, Japan- Japanese, Rumania-Rumanian, Switzerland-Swiss, Portugal-Portuguese, Norway-Norwegian, Holland-Dutch, Poland-Polish, Sweden-Swedish She comes from Portugal; she is

They are American; they come from My friend comes from Rome; he/she is That girl comes from China, she is Our instructor is, he comes from Paris. We are....., we come from Pinerolo,

House rooms, windows, doors, balcony, garden, stairs, chairs, tables, beds, chairs, roof, wall

<u>Means of transport</u> car, train, bus, coach, scooter, plane, bicycle/bike, moped, motorcycle/motorbike. I usually travel by car/by train, by bus ... **on foot** (when you don't use means of transport)

on foot (when you don't use means of transport)

<u>Animals</u>: Horse, dog, cat, red fish, blackbird, sheep, cow, cock, hen, parrot, bear, tiger, wolf, monkey, donkey, snake, mouse, shark, rabbit, bat, spider, pig, bird, squirrel, fly, butterfly, hedgehog, giraffe, caterpillar, elephant.

..... is my favourite animal. I don't like I have got a nice.....

What is (What's) your occupation/job? I am (I'm) a: Occupations/jobs: vet, teacher, doctor, mechanic, lawyer, cook, journalist, fireman, lorry-driver, postman, waiter/waitress, hairdresser, mechanic, nurse, plumber, technician, waiter, personal assistant, retired person / pensioner, policeman, clerk, bar attendant, chemist, factory worker, housewife

Adjectives : long-short...... new-old young-old expensive-cheap interesting-boring dark-light/clear ... slow-fast rich-poor easy-difficult good-bad tall-short high-low beautiful- ugly wrong-right thin-fat small-big cold-hot rare-common weak-strong proud-humble exciting-boring noisy- noiseless/soundless/silent ... happy-sad proud-humble..... heavy-light.....

<u>Colours</u>: green, blue, yellow, black, red, brown, white, grey, pink, purple/violet, orange,....dark-light (dark brown, light blue) is my favourite colour. I don't like

who:chiwhat:che cosawhere:dovewhen:quandohow:comewhy ...? perché ? "domanda" / because..... perché "giustificazione/risposta"Who is that man?What is that ?.... Where are you from ?..... When is yourbirthday ?.....How are you?.....Why are you tired? Because.....

Numbers One two three four five six seven eight nine ten twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen eleven seventeen eighteen thirty thirty-one nineteen twenty twenty-one twenty-two thirty-six fortv forty-one forty-four fifty fifty-three fifty-eight sixty sixty-nine seventy seventy-two seventy-six eighty eighty-one eighty- seven ninety ninety-three nighty-nine a/one hundred one hundred and one one hundred and ten three hundred and fifty-five a/one thousand one thousand and one one thousand and twenty six

1,000 2,250 12,500 1,000,000 <u>a/one</u> million 1,000,000,000 <u>a/one</u> billion **II "numero" 0: zero** (in contesti scientifici, economici), **0** - pronuncia:ou - (nei numeri telef. codici postali,conti bancari), **nought** (parte di un numero decimale) 0.21 nought point two one

Mind the gap : num."italiano" 1.000 num.inglese 1,000 / italiano 0,5 inglese 0.5

The date1968nineteen sixty-eight1600sixteen hundred1605sixteen 0 five2002 two thousand and two2021two thousand and twenty-one

Articles the (il, lo, la, i, gli, le) a (<u>davanti a consonante ,al suono ju e ad h aspirata</u>: a house) an (<u>davanti a vocale</u>; an apple ed <u>h muta</u>: an hour, an honest person, heir, honour) (un, uno, una)

a/an book, a/an English book, a/an university, a/an hour, a/an useful book, a/an European tradition

Hello, my name is...... I am from and I am

Where are you from......I am from How old are you ? I am.....years old

What is / What's your address ? It's..... What's your mobile phone number? It's What's your e-mail address ? It's

Please, write here your e-mail address.

I am	I'm	I am not	I'm not	Am I?	
You are	You're	You are not	You aren't	Are you?	
He is	He's	He is not	He isn't	Is he?	
She is	She's	She is not	She isn't	Is she?	
It is	It's	It is not	It isn't	Is it?	
We are	We're	We are not	We aren't	Are We ?	
You are	You're	You are not	You aren't	Are you?	
They are	They're	They are not	They aren't	Are they ?	

Simple present presente semplice

Simple present presente semplice To have (got), had, had

I have got	I 've got	Mary has got a new house
You have got	You've got	My friends haven't got a car
He has got	He's got	Have you got a dog?
She has got	She's got	We have got a new telephone number
It has got	It's got	
We have got	We've got	
You have got	You have got	
They have got	They have got	

I have not got	I haven't got	Have I got ?
You have not got	You haven't got	Have you got ?
He has not got	He hasn't got	Has he got ?
She has not got	She hasn't got	Has she got?
It has not got	It hasn't got	Has it got ?
We have not got	We haven't got	Have we got?
You have not got	You haven't got	Have you got?
They have not got	They haven't got	Have they got?

Plural of nouns regola generale si aggiunge "s" al sostantivo singolare

One house / two houses one girl /two girls

Se un sostantivo termina per s,ss,sh,ch,o,x,z si aggiunge <u>es</u>

One glass two glass<u>es</u> one beach two beach<u>es</u>

One potato two potato<u>es</u>

Alcuni sostantivi terminanti in \underline{o} assumono però solo la \underline{s}

Euro / euros radio / radios photo / photos kilo/kilos

Per i sostantivi terminanti in \mathbf{y} , si deve tenere conto se la \mathbf{y} è preceduta da vocale,

in questo caso si aggiunge solo la s, mentre se preceduta da consonante la y è

sostituita da **ies.** One boy /two boys one lady /two ladies

Alcuni sostantivi terminanti al singolare in **f** or **fe** formano il finale al plurale in **ves** 1 wolf 2 wolves 1 knife 2 knives

Altri sostantivi con questa finale formano il plurale aggiungendo solo la "s" 1 roof 2 roofs 1 belief 2 beliefs

Ci sono poi dei sostantivi con plurale irregolare. Tra i più comuni :

man men woman women child children tooth teeth mouse mice person people foot feet

Adjectives **L'aggettivo qualificativo é invariabile** a beautiful day, a beautiful girl, beautiful days beautiful girls a beautiful old lady

Gli aggettivi questo e quello: <u>this</u>. questo/a that: quello/a these: questi/e those: quelli/e

This town iswhile that village is...... Where are these mountains? Those girls are from Spain . Is this your new car? That lady is my neighbor...This gentleman is 80 years old . This man and these women are English . Those people are my colleagues in this period

We are pensioners. Who is that lady ? She is Mrs White; that gentleman is her husband. These cars are new and those bicycles are old. Who is that singer? Those dresses are really expensive .Excuse me, Madam. Can I sit here?